

EP-026

**치료 불응성 탈모성 모낭염에 대한
Orticochea 피판을 이용한 수술적
경험: 증례 보고**

(Surgical Management of Refractory Folliculitis Decalvans Using an Orticochea Flap: A Case Report)



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INTRODUCTION: Folliculitis decalvans (FD) is a rare, chronic inflammatory scalp disorder characterized by recurrent pustules and progressive scarring alopecia. Current literature primarily focuses on its etiology and disease progression, with treatment modalities mostly limited to conservative approaches such as topical agents or photodynamic therapy (PDT).

To date, cases involving surgical excision and flap reconstruction have rarely been reported. In this study, we present a case of FD successfully treated with en-bloc excision and flap coverage.

CASE PRESENTATION



Figure 1. Preoperative images.

A 46-year-old male with thick and multiple pus drainage nodule from vertex to temporal area for 6 years visited our clinic. Until now, patient received repetitive triamcinolone injection.

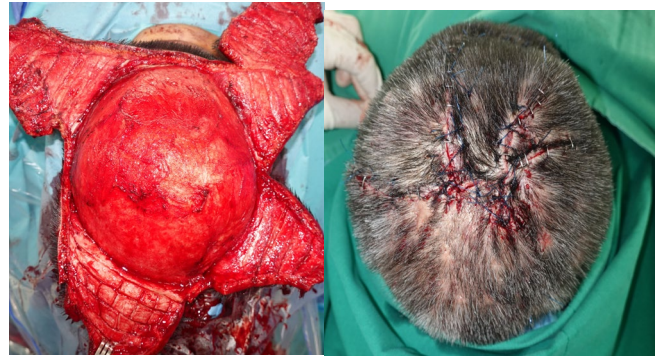


Figure 2. Intraoperative images

Enbloc resection and Orticochea flap with multiple galeotomy was performed for soft tissue coverage

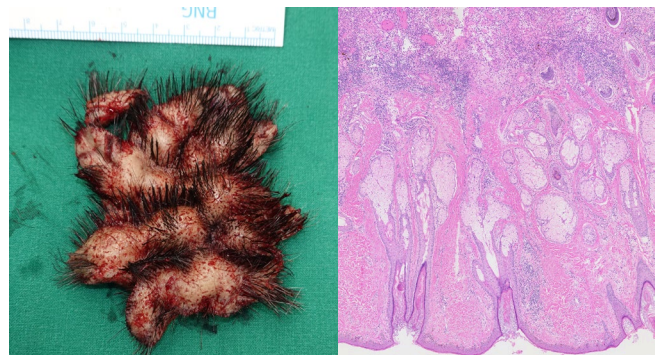


Figure 3. Gross and histological images

Perifollicular neutrophilic infiltration associated with follicular rupture and surrounding fibroplasia.

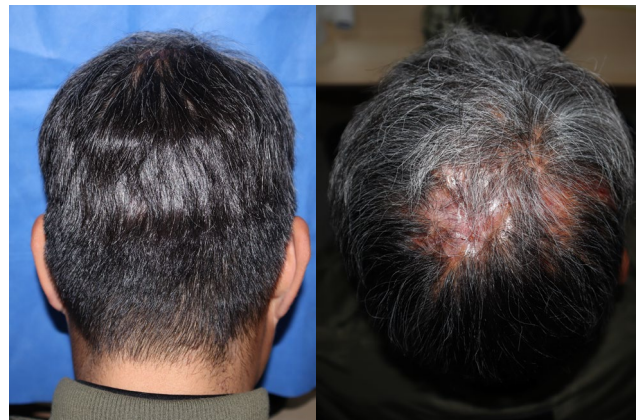


Figure 4. Postoperative follow up images

CONCLUSION: While the management of folliculitis decalvans has traditionally been restricted to medical therapy, this case demonstrates that surgical excision and flap reconstruction can be an effective treatment option for refractory cases.